2012

State of Missouri

Fleet Management Annual Report



Office of Administration

Douglas E. Nelson

Commissioner of Administration



2012

The State Fleet Management Annual Report is published by:

State of Missouri
Office of Administration
Division of General Services
State Fleet Management
301 W. High Street, P.O. Box 809
Jefferson City, MO 65102-0809
http://www.oa.mo.gov/gs/fm/index.htm

Mark S. Kaiser
Director
Division of General Services
Phone: 573-751-4656

Email: mark.s.kaiser@oa.mo.gov

Cynthia Dixon State Fleet Manager Phone: 573-751-4534

Email: cindy.dixon@oa.mo.gov

Jeremiah (Jay) W. Nixon Governor



Douglas E. Nelson Commissioner

State of Missouri
OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATION
Post Office Box 809 Jefferson City
65102
(573) 751-1851

The Honorable Jeremiah (Jay) W. Nixon and Members of the General Assembly

I am pleased to submit the Fleet Management Report for the calendar year ended December 31, 2012.

Section 37.450 RSMo. requires the State Fleet Manager to produce an annual report outlining the status of the state vehicle fleet and detailing recommendations for improvements and changes necessary for more efficient management of the fleet. This report includes details of progress made in 2012, the current state of the vehicle fleet, and fleet management goals for 2013.

I believe you will find this report useful and informative. I thank you for your support as we continue our efforts to improve the overall efficiency of the state vehicle fleet. This report is also available on the State Fleet Management website at http://www.oa.mo.gov/gs/fm/index.htm.

Sincerely,

Doug Nelson

Table of Contents

	Page Number
Program Overview	2
Agency Fleet Managers	3
Executive Summary	4
2012 Accomplishments	7
2013 Program Goals	10
Condition of the State Vehicle Fleet	11
General Revenue Fund Fleet Replacement Needs	13
State Fleet Data	15
Vehicle Purchase Data	15
Vehicle Purchases by Fund	16
Vehicle Purchases by Agency	17
Licensed Vehicles per Agency	18
Vehicles per 100 Employees	19
Total Business Miles	20
Total Business Miles by Agency	21
State Vehicle Use	22
State Fleet Composition	23
Pool Vehicle Utilization	24
Cost per Mile	25
Fuel Cost Trends	26
Fuel Expenditures	27
Maintenance & Repair Expenditures	28
Fleet Driver Data	29
Rental Vehicle Contract Data	30
Agency Fleet Compliance	31
Agency Fleet Purpose Descriptions	34

Program Overview

State Fleet Management is assigned to the Office of Administration's Division of General Services. The State Fleet Manager coordinates all aspects of the program and performs the following functions:

- Coordinates statewide fleet management activities
- Develops policy and standard vehicle practices
- Monitors agency compliance with the State Vehicle Policy (SP-4)
- Administers the State Fleet Information System
- Pre-approves passenger vehicle purchases
- Operates a consolidated carpool serving agencies in the Jefferson City area
- Reports the status of the state vehicle fleet annually to the Governor and General Assembly
- Recommends fleet replacement options to policymakers
- Establishes the state fleet mileage reimbursement rate with the approval of the Commissioner of Administration
- Administers fleet related contracts
- Serves as a resource to state agencies on fleet management issues

Missouri state agencies independently manage their vehicles in accordance with state statutes and the State Vehicle Policy. The Office of Administration develops policies with the input of agency fleet managers. The Fleet Management Advisory Committee (FleetMAC) is comprised of representatives from state agencies who provide valuable input into decisions affecting fleet management within state government. Agency fleet managers serve as a single point of contact between the State Fleet Manager and their respective agency on all fleet related issues. A list of agency fleet managers is presented on the following page.

Agency Fleet Managers

Agriculture Alan Clements

Attorney General's Office Arlene Boessen

Auditor's Office Mark Henley

Conservation Jeff Arnold

Corrections Mandie Morriss

Economic Development Annette Kehner

Elementary & Secondary Education Rich Villmer

Governor's Office Judy Murray

Health & Senior Services Kevin Kolb

Higher Education Pam Dobson

Insurance Shirley Gerling

Labor & Industrial Relations Tammy Cavender

Mental Health Mike Haake

Missouri Lottery Dwight Jones

Missouri State Highway Patrol Larry Rains

Natural Resources Stan Perkins

Office of Administration Cynthia Dixon

Public Safety Rhonda Fogelbach

Revenue Brenda Davis

Secretary of State Valerie Heet

Social Services Broc Kohl

State Courts Administrator Brian Dowden

State Tax Commission Stacey Jacobs

Transportation Jeannie Wilson

Treasurer's Office Nancy Tennison

Executive Summary

The State Fleet Management Program is charged with the responsibility to set policy, track utilization, and assist state agencies in the management of the state's vehicular fleet. State agencies determine when vehicles should be used to conduct state business in the furtherance of their mission. Fleet Management strives to ensure this vehicular travel is conducted in the most efficient manner possible.

In FY 12, state employees travelled over 171 million miles on state business. Travel is conducted by state vehicles, rental vehicles, or personally-owned vehicles with employees receiving mileage reimbursement. The State Fleet Management Program coordinates a multipronged effort aimed at reducing the state's vehicular travel related expenses by redirecting business miles to the lowest cost option – which is almost always the use of a state vehicle.

In most cases, mileage reimbursement is the most costly travel option on a per mile basis. Due to a concerted effort to transfer business miles to lower cost options, such as state and rental vehicles, mileage reimbursement expenditures have declined for the past several years. Nevertheless, state employees were still reimbursed for 20.5 million business miles in FY 12 at a cost of over \$7.6 million.

The State Fleet Management program will continue to promote low cost travel options such as state vehicles.

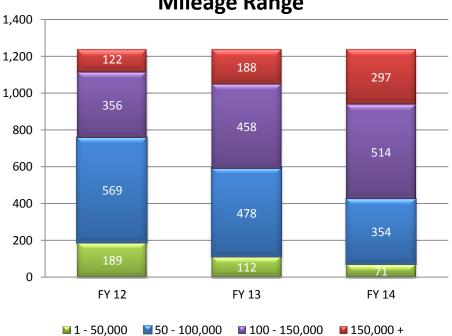


FY 12 Travel Options Cost Per Mile

Executive Summary (continued)

The condition of the General Revenue passenger vehicle fleet continues to be an ongoing concern. Without sufficient annual funding to replace aging vehicles, the condition of the fleet will deteriorate to a point where agencies are forced to utilize more costly travel options. Without adequate investment, by the end of FY 13 the General Revenue funded passenger vehicle fleet will have lost all the gains made through the FY 08 vehicle replacement appropriation. By the end of FY 14, over 47% of the GR passenger vehicle fleet will exceed the 120,000 mile minimum replacement criteria and 24% of the vehicles will exceed 150,000 miles at the end of FY 13.

GR Passenger Vehicle Count by Mileage Range



^{*}projected

Executive Summary (continued)

The OA Carpool, managed by the State Fleet Management Program, continues to streamline pool operations in Jefferson City. Over the past two years, Jefferson City based pool vehicles were consolidated into the OA Carpool resulting in a 28.5% reduction in the number of vehicles necessary to accommodate travel requirements. The final agency vehicle pool was consolidated into the OA carpool in 2012. As better data becomes available, the program will continue to look for opportunities to right size the pool.

The State Fleet Management Program monitors state fleet data through the State Fleet Information System. The highlights for FY 12 include:

- Maintenance and repair expenditures increased by 16% and fuel costs increased 20% compared to FY 11¹
- 15.4% of the fuel purchased in FY 12 was an alternative fuel, mostly E-85 and biodiesel
- Agencies exceeded the statutory requirements for the purchase of alternative fuel vehicles with 92% of new eligible vehicle purchases meeting this requirement²
- 86% of all business miles driven occurred in a state vehicle, the lowest cost travel option
- State pool vehicles averaged 18,079 miles in FY 12, which exceeds the 15,000 mile minimum requirement set forth in the State Vehicle Policy one of the highest state fleet standards in the nation

Over the past ten years, the State Fleet Management Program has established a solid track record of capturing, monitoring, and reporting vehicle data, which is the critical foundation behind any fleet management program. Sound programmatic data has led to numerous cost containment and efficiency initiatives; and, as a result, the program has been acknowledged with two Governor's Awards for Quality and Productivity since its inception. The State Fleet Management Program will continue to be vigilant in its efforts to effectively manage the state fleet and monitor vehicular travel expenditures. The program will also continue to make recommendations based on fleet utilization data to further improve the efficiency of the state fleet and generate further savings for the State of Missouri.

-

¹ All agencies except MoDOT.

²All agencies except MoDOT, Conservation and Highway Patrol. Section 37.455 RSMo. requires the commissioner of administration to ensure that no less than seventy percent of new purchases for the state vehicle fleet are flexible fuel vehicles that can operate on fuel blended with eighty-five percent ethanol.

2012 Accomplishments

The key accomplishments for the State Fleet Management Program in 2012 are listed below. Further discussion of each accomplishment is included in the following pages.

- Reduced mileage reimbursement rates continue to save millions each year
- Total business miles driven remain stable after reduction effort in FY 11
- Fleet reduction number tops 570 vehicles returning \$1.4 million back to the state³
- 86% of business miles are driven in state vehicles as opposed to higher cost options
- Consolidation of Jefferson City based pool vehicles finalized reducing the number of pool vehicles by 28.5%
- State pool vehicle average increases to all time high

Reduced Mileage Reimbursement Rates Save Millions

Under the authority of Section 33.095 RSMo., the Commissioner of Administration sets the mileage reimbursement rate for officials and employees. Traditionally, this amount is set at \$.03 less than the published IRS rate. Additionally, the State Vehicular Travel Policy (SP-12, established a dual mileage reimbursement rate structure consisting of a standard rate and a reduced fleet rate. The fleet rate represents the state's cost to own and operate a mid-size sedan and is used to reimburse employees for use of their personally owned vehicles when they choose to not use an available state vehicle. In FY 10, the standard mileage reimbursement rate was reduced three times throughout the fiscal year due to budget constraints, ending at \$.37 per mile.

The reduced fleet rate was also lowered in FY 10 from \$.28 to \$.26 per mile. Each year the State Fleet Management Program calculates the fleet rate and submits a recommendation to the Commissioner of Administration.

The reduced rates saved over \$950,000 during FY 10, over \$2.5 million in FY 11 and \$3.7 million in FY 12. The table below illustrates mileage reimbursement rates for FY 05 – FY 12 and compares the State of Missouri's dual rate structure to the IRS reimbursement rate.

Mileage Reimbursement Rates (cents per mile)								
	FY 05	FY 06	FY 07	FY 08	FY 09	FY 10	FY 11	FY 12
IRS	37.5	40.5	44.5	48.5	50.5	50.0	51.0	55.0
State of Missouri								
Standard	34.5	37.5	41.5	45.5	47.5	37.0	37.0	37.0
Fleet	N/A	N/A	23.0	25.0	28.0	26.0	26.0	26.0

³ As of 12/31/12

_

2012 Accomplishments

Business Miles Remain Stable

In April 2010, the Commissioner of Administration directed each agency to reduce their FY 11 business miles by 10% over FY 09 levels. Overall, agencies reporting to the governor reduced business miles in FY 11 by 12.3% or 8.6 million miles. In FY 12, agencies were asked to keep business miles at the FY 11 levels. Business miles in FY 12 increased slightly over FY 11, due largely to statewide emergency response for tornado and flood relief. FY 12 business miles are below FY 09 levels by 8% or 5.6 million miles. Three year savings as a result of the business mile reduction initiative total \$6.8 million.

Fleet Reduction

In April 2010, the Commissioner of Administration directed most state agencies to reduce approximately 400 vehicles from the fleet. As of December 31, 2012, over 570 vehicles have been eliminated by all agencies. These fleet reductions have returned almost \$1.4 million back to the state in vehicle sales proceeds.

Continued Redirection of Business Travel to Lowest Cost Option

For the seventh straight year, state agencies have redirected more of their business miles from mileage reimbursement to lower cost state vehicles. Since FY 05, mileage reimbursement miles have dropped 53 percent (state employee reimbursement only). While total business miles driven have declined 12 percent over the same period, the percentage of miles driven in state vehicles actually increased 9 percent from 77% to 86%. Moving from the highest cost option of mileage reimbursement to the lower cost options saved an estimated \$1 million in FY 12 compared to FY 05 levels.

Jefferson City Pool Consolidation

Over the past two years, the OA vehicle pool has increased from 49 vehicles at two locations to approximately 200 vehicles at eight locations. Vehicles from twelve agencies were brought into the consolidated pool. To date, 82 or 28.5% of Jefferson City based pool vehicles have been eliminated.

Consolidating these smaller carpools reduced the number of required vehicles, increased administrative efficiencies, maximized vehicle utilization, and minimized the necessity to redirect business miles to more expensive options. Additional pool vehicles will be eliminated as efforts to right-size the pool continue.

2012 Accomplishments

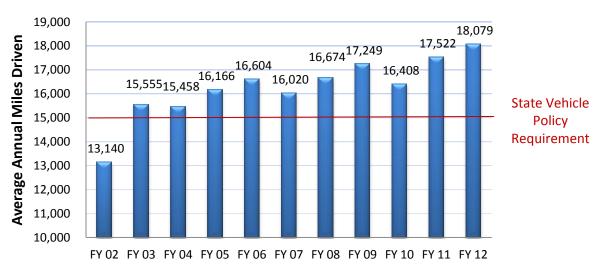
State pool vehicle average increases to all time high

State pool vehicles averaged 18,079 miles in FY 12, which exceeds the 15,000 mile minimum requirement set forth in the State Vehicle Policy - one of the highest standards in the nation compared to other state fleets. Vehicles assigned to a pool are available for use by multiple individuals which increases their utilization. Pool vehicles are a low cost travel option for agencies.

In 2003, the State Fleet Management Program began measuring the average miles driven on agency pool vehicles to determine compliance with the State Vehicle Policy (SP-4). Since that time, agencies have successfully reassigned vehicles from individuals to a pool which increases utilization and ultimately decreases overall travel costs.

The statewide pool average by fiscal year is illustrated in the chart below.

Statewide Pool Vehicle Average



2013 Program Goals

For 2013, the State Fleet Management Program has established the following goals to further improve efficiencies in the state fleet:

- Continue efforts to rightsize the OA Carpool
- Work with OA/ITSD to implement enhancements to the Trip Optimizer tool
- Work with OA/ITSD to enhance the State Fleet Information System
- Continue efforts to replace the aging state fleet
- Encourage agencies to purchase compact sedans by requiring additional justification on requests for mid or full size sedans

Condition of the State Vehicle Fleet

Over 171 million miles are driven annually on state business. Therefore, it is critical to control overall expenditures by ensuring state employees utilize the lowest cost travel option, which is most often state vehicles. The state fleet should be replaced in a regular, timely fashion to ensure that state employees have reliable and safe vehicles to conduct state business.

The State Fleet Information System contains data for approximately 3,789 licensed state vehicles owned and operated by all agencies, excluding the Missouri State Highway Patrol and the Departments of Conservation and Transportation. Vehicle acquisition data, including the original funding source, is captured to help facilitate replacement planning. Data has been identified by funding source (general revenue or other) and by two main vehicle categories (passenger and medium/heavy duty). The current and projected condition of both the passenger and medium/heavy duty fleet are presented in the following pages. The table below illustrates the number of vehicles by funding source and vehicle category in the State Fleet Information System.

Vehicle Count by Fund							
Vehicle Category GR Other All Funds							
Passenger	1,236	1,674	2,910				
Medium/Heavy Duty 380 499 879							
Total	1,651	2,088	3,789				

Passenger Vehicles

The passenger fleet is comprised of sedans, light duty trucks, station wagons, SUVs and passenger vans which are subject to a 120,000 mile minimum replacement criterion established by the State Vehicle Policy (SP-4). Passenger vehicles are defined as having a gross vehicle weight rating of less than 8,500 lbs. Agencies must seek preapproval from the State Fleet Manager to purchase passenger vehicles with the exception of those that will be operated by POST certified law enforcement officers.

Excluding the Missouri Departments of Transportation and Conservation, and the Missouri State Highway Patrol, the state fleet consists of approximately 2,910 passenger type vehicles. Through a one-time purchase program approved by the General Assembly, 324 of the highest mileage GR vehicles were replaced in FY 08.

Condition of the State Vehicle Fleet

Passenger Fleet Condition

The average odometer readings and age of passenger vehicles by funding source are illustrated to the right and are reflective of the actual or projected condition of the fleet at the end of each fiscal year without replacement. Odometer readings were projected based on the vehicle being

PASSENGER VEHICLES Average Odometer and Age by Funding Source						
		Odomete	er	Д	ige (in ye	ears)
Fiscal						
Year	GR	Other	All Funds	GR	Other	All Funds
FY 12	86,685	74,546	79,546	6.3	5.3	5.7
FY 13	101,294	88,090	93,948	7.3	6.3	6.7
FY 14	115,903	101,634	107,965	8.3	7.3	7.7

driven the same number of miles as in FY 12.

Medium/Heavy Duty Vehicles

Vehicles considered as medium/heavy duty are not subject to the same minimum replacement criteria as passenger vehicles. It is difficult for the State Fleet Management Program to estimate the condition or replacement needs of the medium/heavy duty fleet as their normal replacement cycles vary widely and are primarily dependent upon the function of the vehicle. Data on medium/heavy duty vehicles is included in this document to educate policy makers of the likely replacement needs for medium/heavy duty vehicles; however, State Fleet Management must

defer replacement recommendations for these vehicles to the state agencies. The table on the right illustrates the estimated condition of the non-passenger vehicle fleet for FY 12 – FY 14.

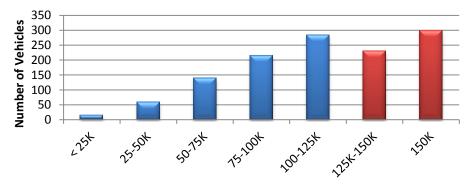
NON - PASSENGER VEHICLES Average Odometer and Age by Funding Source						
Fiscal		Odomete	er	Age (in years)		
Year	GR	Other	All Funds	GR	Other	All Funds
FY 12	78,108	82,068	80,296	12.7	9.4	10.9
FY 13	83,490	90,371	87,291	13.7	10.4	11.9
FY 14	88,872	98,673	94,287	14.7	11.4	12.9

General Revenue Fund Fleet Replacement Needs

The following table illustrates the projected number of vehicles by mileage range for each fiscal year for all General Revenue (GR) funded passenger vehicles. By the end of FY 13, 34% of the GR passenger vehicle fleet will exceed the 120,000 mile minimum replacement criteria and by the end of FY 14, 47% percent will be eligible for replacement.

Number of Vehicles by Mileage Range							
Mileage Range	FY 12	FY 13	FY 14	FY 15			
1 - 24,999	51	34	14	10			
25,000 - 49,999	138	78	57	45			
50,000 - 74,999	265	188	140	96			
75,000 - 99,999	304	290	214	163			
100,000 - 124,999	216	261	283	220			
125,000 - 149,999	140	197	231	269			
150,000 +	122	188	297	433			
Total	1,236	1,236	1,236	1,236			

FY 14 Estimated GR Passenger Fleet Condition

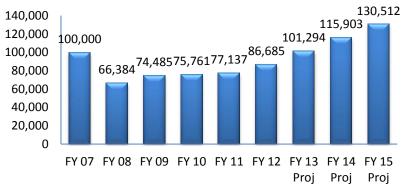


Mileage Range (in thousands)

General Revenue Fund Fleet Replacement Needs

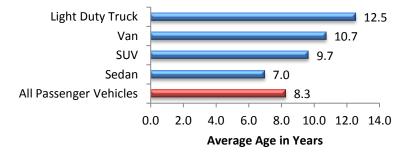
The chart below illustrates the average odometer readings for fiscal years FY 07 - FY 15 based on actual data at the end of FY 07 - FY 12 and projections for FY 13 - FY 15 assuming no additional funding for replacement vehicles. The average odometer reading of the entire GR passenger fleet decreased significantly in FY 08 due to the replacement of some of the oldest vehicles in the fleet; however, by the end of FY 13 the GR passenger fleet will be back to the same condition it was prior to the FY 08 replacements.





The projected average age for all General Revenue passenger vehicles in FY 14 will be over eight years. Some light duty vehicle categories are in better condition than others. Sedans and minivans are more commonly used for statewide travel and are typically targeted for more frequent replacement. The current minimum replacement criteria for passenger vehicles is 120,000 miles which typically occurs between 6 – 8 years for well-utilized vehicles. We recommend high-use vehicles be replaced on a regular basis to ensure that safe, reliable vehicles are available to meet the majority of state business travel needs.

FY 14 Projected Average Age GR Passenger Vehicles by Category

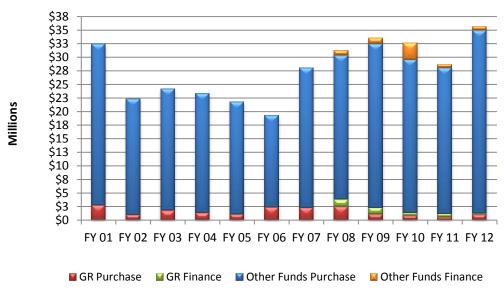


Vehicle Purchase Data

The state should replace 12% of the fleet each year based on an eight year replacement cycle to avoid large fluctuations in upfront capital required for fleet replacement. The General Revenue investment in the passenger vehicle fleet alone should be at least \$2.7 million annually to maintain a regular replacement cycle. However, over the past three years, General Revenue funding has averaged only \$1.2 million⁴ for all vehicle types.

The following chart illustrates total vehicle expenditures compared to General Revenue vehicle expenditures.

Vehicle Expenditures Passenger and Non Passenger Vehicles



15

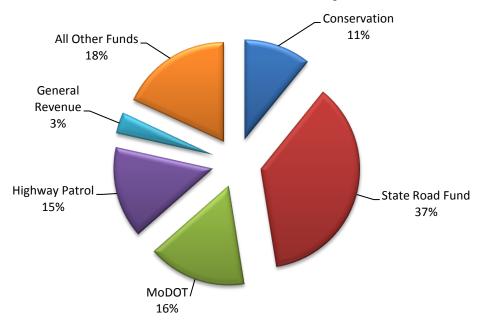
⁴ Includes funds for outright purchase and lease purchase payments for GR vehicles

Vehicle Purchases by Fund

	Vehicle Purchases by Fund*					
Fund Numb	er Description	FY 11	FY 11 % of Total	FY 12	FY 12 % of Total	
0609	Conservation	\$546,343		\$3,842,772		
0320	MoDOT/State Road	\$11,817,574	0.40/	\$13,056,069	700/	
0644	MoDOT	\$5,881,810	84%	\$5,731,010	78%	
0695	Highway Patrol	\$5,906,699		\$5,301,741		
0101	General Revenue	\$1,137,095	4%	\$1,225,876	3%	
Other	All Other Funds	\$3,358,108	12%	\$6,446,450	18%	
	ALL FUNDS	\$28,647,629		\$35,603,918		

^{*}Includes master lease financing of vehicles.

FY 12 Vehicle Purchases by Fund



Vehicle Purchases by Agency

Vehicle Purchases by Agency (All Funds)*					
	FY 11	FY 12			
Transportation	\$11,817,574	\$13,056,069			
Public Safety	\$12,636,538	\$12,700,757			
Conservation	\$546,344	\$3,842,772			
Social Services	\$865,025	\$1,608,353			
Natural Resources	\$698,387	\$1,291,673			
Elem & Sec Education	\$43,837	\$841,336			
Mental Health	\$128,426	\$576,945			
Agriculture	\$296,239	\$511,035			
Office of Administration	\$200,132	\$303,489			
Revenue	\$154,349	\$286,859			
Corrections	\$488,340	\$164,797			
DIFP	\$86,519	\$163,273			
Attorney General	\$91,567	\$88,547			
Health & Senior Services	\$413,147	\$76,902			
Secretary of State	\$24,774	\$49,800			
Judiciary	\$28,948	\$30,480			
Labor & Industrial Relations	\$15,802	\$9,900			
Economic Development	\$96,252	\$932			
Legislature	\$0	\$0			
Higher Education	\$0	\$0			
Treasurer	\$15,431	\$0			
	\$28,647,629	\$35,603,919			

^{*}Includes master lease financing of vehicles.

Licensed Vehicles per Agency

At the end of FY 12, the state owned approximately 10,323 licensed motor vehicles. The largest owners of state vehicles are the Departments of Transportation, Public Safety and Conservation. Combined, these three agencies own and operate about 64% of the state's licensed motor vehicles. The table to the right details the number of reported vehicles by agency as of June 30, 2012.

MoDOT changed their reporting methodologies reducing their licensed vehicle count from 4,473 in FY 11 to 3,912 in FY 12.

Licensed Vehicles per Agency	/
Transportation	3,912
Public Safety	1,599
Conservation	1,158
Corrections	757
Natural Resources	639
Social Services	587
Office of Administration	467
Mental Health	460
Agriculture	241
Elementary & Secondary Education	128
Health & Senior Services	80
Lottery	62
DIFP	58
Revenue	45
Labor & Industrial Relations	27
Economic Development	25
OSCA	20
Attorney General	18
State Tax Commission	16
Secretary of State	15
Legislature	3
Higher Education	2
Treasurer	2
Auditor	1
Governor's Office	1
TOTAL	10,323

⁵ Excludes vehicles owned by most entities within the Judiciary and vehicles at the state colleges and universities.

Vehicles per 100 Employees

One measure of the state fleet's efficiency is the number of licensed vehicles per 100 employees. In FY 12 there were 19.25 vehicles per 100 employees, which was a slight change from 19.02 in FY 11. The table below represents the number of licensed vehicles in FY 12 for every 100 employees by agency.

Licensed Vehicles Per 100 Emplo	oyees
Transportation	74.63
Conservation	61.86
Highway Patrol	60.56
Agriculture	59.95
Natural Resources	33.01
Office of Administration	22.56
DIFP	9.62
Judiciary	9.26
Revenue	9.23
Social Services	7.97
Corrections	7.00
Elementary & Secondary Education	6.42
Secretary of State	6.17
Mental Health	5.60
Attorney General's Office	5.04
Health & Senior Services	4.53
Public Safety (not including MSHP)	4.26
State Treasurer	4.17
Governor's Office	3.70
Economic Development	3.35
Higher Education	3.17
Labor & Industrial Relations	2.80
State Auditor	0.84
Legislature	0.47
STATE	19.25

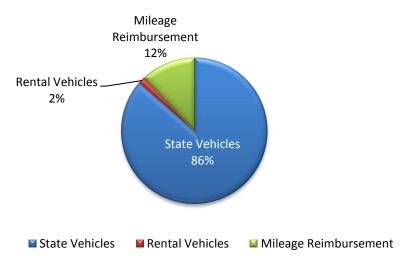
Total Business Miles

The total miles driven measurement reflects the total business miles traveled on official state business in licensed vehicles. This includes business miles collected from the following data sources:

- State Fleet Information System
- Self-reported data from MoDOT, Conservation and Highway Patrol
- Estimated miles reimbursed for personally-owned vehicles⁶
- Rental vehicle miles reported by Enterprise Rent-a-Car

Business Miles Driven by Fiscal Year						
Travel Option	FY 09	FY 10	FY 11	FY 12		
State Vehicles	155,216,423	155,453,604	146,556,140	147,978,241		
Rental Vehicles	3,118,260	2,143,156	1,825,087	2,611,215		
Mileage Reimbursement	24,486,288	23,241,368	20,028,851	20,544,771		
TOTAL	182,820,971	180,838,128	168,410,078	171,134,227		

FY 12 Business Miles by Travel Option



⁶ Calculated by taking total instate and outstate mileage reimbursement expenditures for state employees only divided by the standard mileage reimbursement rate issued by OA Accounting.

Total Business Miles by Agency

The table below includes miles driven in state and rental vehicles as well as miles reimbursed to state employees.

Business Miles Driven by Agency							
Agency	FY 10	FY 11	FY 12				
Transportation	63,847,477	54,721,594	51,889,529				
Public Safety	32,040,171	32,089,840	33,997,773				
Conservation	15,516,174	15,106,159	16,077,915				
Social Services	16,125,020	14,535,856	15,048,449				
Corrections	12,083,567	11,957,730	11,736,624				
Natural Resources	7,126,545	6,978,048	7,341,806				
Mental Health	5,972,241	5,250,311	5,659,997				
Health & Senior Services	5,079,825	5,017,144	5,563,344				
Agriculture	3,824,980	3,757,197	3,978,680				
Public Defender	2,408,051	2,398,104	2,529,164				
Revenue	2,418,215	2,419,845	2,464,742				
Office of Administration	1,555,894	2,136,484	2,416,928				
Elementary & Secondary Education	2,790,397	2,359,996	2,359,934				
DIFP	1,951,398	1,982,096	2,002,338				
Legislature	1,847,328	1,774,943	1,932,753				
OSCA	1,684,537	1,640,058	1,696,457				
Economic Development	1,732,587	1,598,849	1,480,772				
Attorney General	1,197,567	1,036,687	1,122,881				
Labor & Industrial Relations	832,439	932,272	1,081,689				
State Auditor	345,610	305,300	353,001				
Secretary of State	229,936	238,236	240,326				
Higher Education	160,373	101,139	86,369				
State Treasurer	31,018	37,550	41,504				
Governor	31,490	33,487	28,484				
Lt. Governor	5,290	1,153	2,768				
TOTAL	180,838,128	168,410,078	171,134,227				

State Vehicle Use

State vehicles are utilized for a variety of functions. The State Fleet Information System classifies vehicles according to their assignment (pool, function, or individual) and purpose (client transportation, employee transportation, special purpose or task specific).⁷ The

tables on this page illustrate the various classifications of vehicle assignments along with the associated miles driven per assignment.

Fleet purpose descriptions for each agency are available at the end of this report. Examples of state vehicle use are:

Primary Assignment	% of Vehicles	Average Miles Driven	% of Miles Driven
Pool	27%	18,079	37%
Function	61%	9,626	44%
Individual	13%	19,134	18%

Primary Purpose	% of Vehicles	Average Miles Driven	% of Miles Driven
Client Transportation	13%	9,941	10%
Employee Transportation	34%	18,449	47%
Special Purpose	24%	12,816	23%
Task Specific	30%	8,934	20%

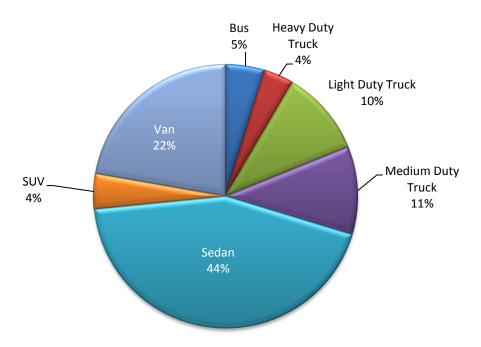
- Law Enforcement
- Caseworkers
- Child Abuse and Neglect Investigations
- Mental Health Client Transportation
- Emergency Response
- Facility Support
- Road and Maintenance Construction
- Meat and Grain Inspections
- Mail Delivery
- Nursing Home Inspections
- Employee Transportation
- Parks Maintenance
- Inmate Transportation
- Environmental Investigations and Enforcement

⁷ Data from the Departments of Transportation and Conservation and the Missouri State Highway Patrol are excluded from this analysis.

State Fleet Composition

The chart below illustrates the breakdown of licensed vehicles in the state fleet. The data excludes the Departments of Transportation and Conservation and the Missouri State Highway Patrol.

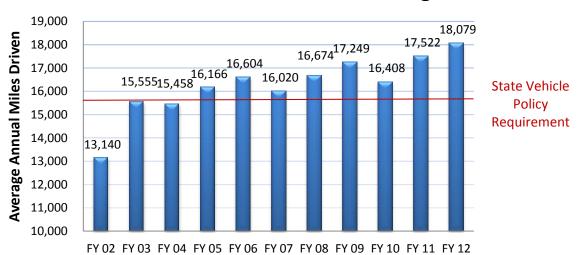
FY 12 State Vehicles by Category



Pool Vehicle Utilization

The State Vehicle Policy requires an average of 15,000 annual miles for vehicles assigned to pools. Approximately 27% of the vehicles in the state fleet are assigned to a pool as general use vehicles available for multiple individuals. State Fleet Management continues to encourage the use of pool vehicles to maximize the utilization of state vehicles. The following chart reflects the continued high average for state pool vehicles since the inception of the State Fleet Management Program in 2002. Average agency pool utilization for FY 12 is illustrated in the table at the bottom of the page.

Statewide Pool Vehicle Average



FY 12 Average Pool Utilization by Agency					
Attorney General	18,621	Mental Health	16,377		
Corrections	17,130	MoDOT	13,164		
Conservation	16,993	Office of Administration	20,580		
Economic Development	14,645	OSCA	11,689		
Elementary & Secondary Ed	15,818	Public Safety (except MSHP)	13,229		
Health & Senior Services	23,343	Revenue	20,429		
Highway Patrol	16,517	Secretary of State	11,880		
DIFP	19,715	Social Services	18,378		
Labor & Industrial Relations	15,580	State Treasurer	24,303		
STATE AVERAGE			18,079		

Cost Per Mile

The primary measure in evaluating fleet costs is the total cost per mile. Tracking the cost to own and operate state vehicles is essential to making informed decisions regarding the state fleet. The weighted average cost to own and operate a non-specially equipped mid or full size sedan in the state fleet was \$.316 per mile in FY 12 which is the lowest cost of all vehicle travel options.

The State of Missouri keeps state vehicle costs low through several cost containment strategies. Vehicles are purchased through state contracts at significant discounts from sticker prices due to fleet incentives from the auto manufacturers. State agencies are able to reduce operating costs of state vehicles by utilizing state maintenance facilities and contracts such as the state tire contract. With a labor rate significantly below other local vendors, the Office of Administration's Vehicle Maintenance Facility in Jefferson City saves state agencies hundreds of thousands of dollars each year. Additionally, the State of Missouri self-assumes liability coverage for motor vehicle accidents through the State Legal Expense Fund and administers motor vehicle claims internally.

As depicted below, the weighted average cost per mile is calculated based on the number of mid size sedans vs. full size sedans in the fleet.

Cost Per Mile						
Cost Component	Full Size	Weighted Average				
Depreciation	\$.1037	\$.1103	\$.1084			
Insurance/Fleet Fee	\$.0108	\$.0108	\$.0108			
Administration	\$.0200	\$.0200	\$.0200			
Fuel	\$.1305	\$.1345	\$.1334			
Maintenance/Repair	\$.0477	\$.0411	\$.0429			
Total	\$.3127	\$.3167	\$.3156			

Fuel Cost Trends

Fuel price volatility is consistently one of the most challenging issues in fleet management. The average annual price per gallon for regular unleaded gasoline and the annual percentage increase from the Federal Energy Information Administration are listed below from FY 05 – FY 12.



AAA reported that gas prices hit the highest annual average price on record in 2012. Nationally, fuel prices averaged \$3.60 per gallon. The national average broke a new daily record for 134 consecutive days in 2012 and a total of 248 days with record-breaking new highs. (Automotive Fleet, 2013)

Average Midwest Regional Gas Prices Regular Unleaded Gasoline				
Fiscal Year Price Per Gallon % Increase Ov Prior Year				
FY 05	\$1.93			
FY 06	\$2.47	32%		
FY 07	\$2.55	3%		
FY 08	\$3.14	23%		
FY 09	\$2.51	-20%		
FY 10	\$2.59	3%		
FY 11	\$3.13	21%		
FY 12	\$3.51	12%		

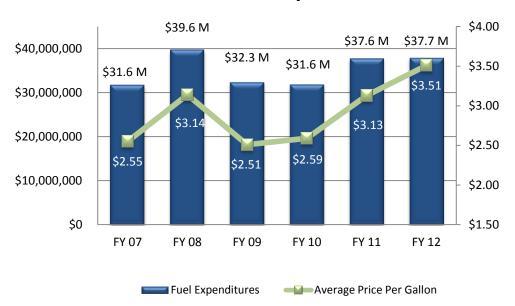
Average Midwest Regional Price Per Gallon



Fuel Expenditures

The total fuel expenditures are illustrated in the following chart along with the average price per gallon for unleaded fuel.

State Fleet Fuel Expenditures



Fuel Expenditures by Agency							
Agency	FY 09	FY 10	FY 11	FY 12	% Change FY 11 – FY 12		
Transportation ⁸	\$17,354,476	\$18,116,807	\$21,265,926	\$18,128,510	-15%		
Conservation	\$3,127,438	\$2,916,229	\$3,472,564	\$4,127,885	19%		
Highway Patrol	\$4,212,361	\$3,979,696	\$4,916,240	\$6,287,649	28%		
All Other Agencies	\$7,529,168	\$6,685,830	\$7,942,807	\$9,171,835	15%		
Subtotal	\$14,868,967	\$13,581,755	\$16,331,611	\$19,587,369	20%		
Total	\$32,223,443	\$31,698,562	\$37,597,537	\$37,715,879	0.3%		

27

⁸ MoDOT cost reduction due to change in reporting methodology.

Maintenance and Repair Expenditures

Most agencies reported a significant increase in maintenance and repair expenditures in FY 12. Maintenance and repair expenditures are expected to continue to rise due to limited funding for vehicle replacements resulting in extended lifecycles. Expenditures for *licensed vehicles only* are illustrated in the chart and table below.



Maintenance and Repair Expenditures



	Maintenance & Repair Expenditures by Agency							
Agency	FY 09	FY 10	FY 11	FY 12	% Change FY 11 – FY 12			
Transportation ⁹	\$8,289,302	\$8,475,596	\$7,630,270	\$3,412,034	-55%			
Conservation	\$1,090,026	\$1,113,650	\$1,256,149	\$1,302,120	4%			
Highway Patrol	\$863,421	\$691,964	\$804,335	\$1,004,060	25%			
All Other Agencies	\$2,766,633	\$2,524,874	\$2,783,804	\$3,333,747	20%			
Subtotal	\$4,720,080	\$4,330,488	\$4,844,288	\$5,639,927	16%			
Total	\$13,009,382	\$12,806,084	\$12,474,558	\$9,051,961	-27%			

 $^{^{\}rm 9}$ MoDOT cost reduction due to change in reporting methodology.

Fleet Driver Data

A key component of any fleet safety program is assurance that employees operating employer provided vehicles have valid driver's licenses. Many private fleet safety companies offer services to validate licenses against state departments of revenue for a fee per license check. The State Fleet Management Program collaborated with the Department of Revenue to perform this function at no cost to the state.

Since 2006, the State Fleet Information System has provided a mechanism to ensure that state employees operating official vehicles have a valid driver's license. The system interfaces with the Department of Revenue's Missouri Driver's License System on a nightly basis. If the status of an employee's driver's license changes, an email is sent to the designated agency contact person displaying the relevant information so appropriate action can be taken.



Almost 2,500 emails were distributed to agencies reporting a change in license status during FY 12. Emails are sent if the driver's status, restrictions, or endorsements change. Many of the license status changes are due to employees allowing their license to expire.

In June 2008, all active state employees in SAM II, with the exception of the Departments of Conservation and Transportation, were added to the State Fleet Information System Driver's Database. The table below illustrates the percentage of employees that had a change in the status of their license that would no longer allow them operate a state vehicle.

Fleet Driver's Database Activity						
Fiscal Year	Number of Active Employees in the System	Emails Sent Due to Invalid License Change	Percentage of Employees			
FY 09	47,880	3,105	6.5%			
FY 10	45,793	2,672	5.8%			
FY 11	45,178	2,195	4.9%			
FY 12	45,151	2,469	5.5%			

Vehicle Rental Contract Data

The rental services contract plays an important role in state agencies' efforts to reduce travel expenditures. In most circumstances, a rental vehicle is less costly than employee mileage reimbursement. With the reduction in the standard mileage reimbursement rate to \$.37 per mile, overall savings from the vehicle rental services contract have diminished. During FY 12, the average cost per mile for rental vehicles actually exceeded the mileage reimbursement rate due to unique utilization by certain agencies during the Joplin tornado and flood response. The use of rental vehicles peaked in FY 08 and has declined since as agencies have utilized the Smart Lease Vehicle Program to transfer business miles to lower cost state vehicles.

Short-term rentals typically provide a lower cost option to mileage reimbursement when state vehicles are unavailable. Agencies are able to determine whether to utilize the rental contract based on results from the Trip Optimizer, a web-based cost estimating tool that calculates the lowest cost travel option for each trip. The state rental contract offers unlimited in-state miles, making the contract more advantageous to state agencies when employees take long distance trips that are short in duration. The following table illustrates rental contract utilization and estimated savings per mile compared to the standard mileage reimbursement rate.

Fiscal Year	Trips	Rental Days	Miles Driven	Average Rental Cost Per Mile	Standard Mileage Rate	Savings Per Mile	Total Estimated Savings
2004	1,386	3,077	481,722	\$.310	\$.33	\$.020	\$9,654
2005	2,972	6,612	1,042,712	\$.324	\$.345	\$.021	\$21,491
2006	4,574	9,803	1,588,935	\$.328	\$.375	\$.047	\$74,924
2007	8,013	17,979	2,640,526	\$.349	\$.415	\$.066	\$174,599
2008	10,040	25,726	4,190,264	\$.336	\$.455	\$.119	\$498,902
2009	9,286	20,254	3,118,260	\$.350	\$.475	\$.125	\$390,563
2010	6,335	14,821	2,143,456	\$.344	\$.37	\$.026 - \$.156	\$260,615 ¹⁰
2011	4,837	13,282	1,774,422	\$.36	\$.37	\$.01	\$17,651
2012 ¹¹	5,395	21,511	2,611,125	\$.387	\$.37	-\$.017	(\$44,298)

 $^{^{10}}$ Savings calculated based on reimbursement rate in effect on the date of the rental.

 $^{^{11}}$ Use of long term rentals in FY 12 increased dramatically due to response to the Joplin tornado and floods.

Agency Fleet Compliance

Fleet Management Statute

Section 37.450 RSMo. authorizes the Commissioner of Administration to issue policies governing the acquisition, assignment, use, replacement, and maintenance of state-owned vehicles. The State Vehicle Policy (SP-4) promulgates these policies. State Fleet Management monitors agency compliance with the Fleet Management Statute and the State Vehicle Policy. A report of agency compliance follows.

Reporting of State Vehicle Data

As required under Section 37.450 RSMo.¹², the State Fleet Information System was implemented on July 1, 2003. Agencies are required to submit vehicle data in a format and frequency requested by the State Fleet Manager. The following agencies have not yet provided the requested data for FY 03 - FY 12.

- Department of Transportation
- Department of Conservation
- Missouri State Highway Patrol

Without detailed vehicle data, State Fleet Management is unable to confirm agency compliance with minimum utilization standards outlined in the State Vehicle Policy (SP-4) for the Departments of Transportation and Conservation and the Missouri State Highway Patrol.

State Vehicle Fleet Fee

The fleet management statute¹³ requires each state agency to pay a state vehicle fleet fee, as determined by the Office of Administration, for each vehicle it owns. Fee assessments are issued in July based on the number of active vehicles recorded in the State Fleet Information System as of June 30th each year.

¹² Section 37.450 RSMo. (3) The Fleet Manager shall institute and supervise a state fleet vehicle tracking system in which the cost of owning and operating each state vehicle is documented by the agency owning the vehicle. All state agencies shall report the purchase and the sale of any vehicle to the fleet manager and provide any additional information requested by the Fleet Manager in the format, manner and frequency determined by the Office of Administration....

¹³ Section 37.450 RSMo. (7) Each agency shall pay a state vehicle fleet fee, as determined by the Office of Administration for each vehicle it owns for the purpose of funding the state fleet vehicle tracking system and for other administrative expenses incurred in management of the state vehicle fleet. Any agency that owns at least one thousand vehicles shall receive a credit against the state vehicle fleet fee for the internal fleet management services performed by such agency, provided such agency furnishes all information required by the Fleet Manager.

Agency Fleet Compliance

Fleet Management Statute

The purpose of the fleet fee is to fund the Fleet Information System and other administrative expenses incurred in management of the state fleet. Since the Office of Administration developed the State Fleet Information System in-house, agencies are not billed for system development or ongoing system support costs as part of the fee. Administrative costs including the State Fleet Manager's salary, associated fringe benefit expenses and minor expense and equipment are included in the fee calculation. In FY 12, the state fleet fee was \$24.00 per licensed active vehicle.

Vehicle counts as of June 30, 2012 were used to calculate each agency's total fleet fee. Since the Departments of Transportation and Conservation and the Missouri State Highway Patrol have fleets in excess of 1,000 vehicles, their fleet fee was reduced to \$12.00 per vehicle as allowed by statute.

The Department of Transportation expressed its refusal to pay the fleet fee because they believe a full credit of the fee should apply, and they refuse to authorize agency funds to pay for services which they believe are redundant to those provided by their own agency.

The Department of Conservation has not paid the fleet fee and questioned the benefit the department would receive from State Fleet Management.

State Colleges and Universities

In July 2003, discussions with the Department of Higher Education led to the determination that state colleges and universities were responsible for following the State Vehicle Policy, but they would be exempt from the vehicle pre-approval process. Although State Fleet Management distributed the State Vehicle Policy to state colleges and universities, the ability to monitor compliance is limited due to lack of resources as well as a lack of data since none of the colleges and universities have agreed to utilize the State Fleet Information System.

Agency Fleet Compliance

State Vehicle Policy

Agency Non-Compliance Issues

The following are areas in which agencies are currently not compliant with the State Vehicle Policy.

The policy requires an average annual minimum utilization of 15,000 miles for pool vehicles. Listed below are the agencies with averages below the minimum requirement.

- Department of Economic Development
- Department of Public Safety
- Department of Transportation

The Department of Transportation has previously communicated their intent not to adhere to the following statewide fleet management policies:

- Track individual trip information
- Obtain preapproval of passenger vehicles
- Obtain approval to expand the size of their fleet

The Department of Conservation has previously communicated their intent not to adhere to the following statewide fleet management policies:

- Track individual trip information
- Obtain preapproval of passenger vehicles

Since the State of Missouri fleets operate in a decentralized fashion, the following fleet profiles were submitted by state agencies to present an overview of how their fleet is utilized.

Attorney General

- Provide a pool of vehicles for attorneys to travel to court appearances throughout the state and for use on official business
- Mail delivery

Secretary of State

- Operate a carpool used by employees of the office in the routine duties of their
 positions, which includes but is not limited to securities investigations, consulting
 with libraries throughout the state, making management visits to out-state
 Secretary of State offices, completing local records activities, performing on-site
 visits associated with sub-recipient monitoring of federal funds, and performing
 various other work activities
- Delivery and retrieval of records
- Mail pickup and delivery

State Auditor

One vehicle designated for local courier

State Treasurer

- Operate a carpool used by employees of the office in their routine duties, which
 include unclaimed property and linked deposit bank and business visits,
 unclaimed property and linked deposit booths, and presenting and attending
 seminars throughout the State of Missouri
- Mail pickup and delivery

Agriculture

- Weights, Measures & Consumer Protection Division: Fuel and scale inspections, etc.
- Grain Inspection and Warehousing Division: Grain inspections and audits, etc.
- Plant Industry Division: Nursery inspection, invasive pest control, pesticide inspection, and boll weevil control, etc.
- Market Information and Outreach Division: Market reporting and scholarship awards, etc.
- Animal Health Division: Meat inspection, food safety, brucellosis inspections, animal identification, etc.

- Agriculture Business Development Division: Travel relating to program activity, marketing, grants, loans, market reporting and scholarship awards, etc.
- State Milk Board: Travel related to the inspection of milk
- Missouri State Fair: Travel related to the promotion of the Missouri State Fair

Conservation

- The Department of Conservation (MDC) provides highway, construction, farm, marine and other equipment, which are necessary for its operations and intended for official use
- MDC vehicles and equipment are tools for staff to deliver programs and services that positively affect Missouri's forest, fish, and wildlife resources

Corrections

- Inmate transportation
- Institutional security (perimeter patrol/emergency response)
- Special use vehicles for delivery of commodities (food, etc.) and materials (Missouri Vocational Enterprise products, road aggregate material, etc.)
- Institutional support and maintenance of buildings

Economic Development

- Pickup and delivery of supplies, inventory and mail
- Support and maintenance of remote site and local buildings
- Investigations and inspections (Public Service Commission)

Elementary & Secondary Education

- Support and maintain state-owned buildings
- Support administrative functions (telecommunications, laundry)
- Investigations and license revocations
- Transport students and staff
- Transport staff to provide technical assistance to school districts

Health & Senior Services

- Nursing home inspections
- Hospital inspections
- Restaurant inspections
- Daycare facility inspections
- In-home visits of seniors
- Sewage treatment inspections
- Facility air quality inspections

Elder abuse investigations

Higher Education

- Transport equipment, staff and board members to various meetings throughout the state
- Visits to public and private campuses

Insurance

- Investigations and inspections
- Pickup and delivery of supplies, inventory, etc and run errands

Labor & Industrial Relations

- Perform tax audits
- Perform workplace and mine/cave safety inspections
- Support and maintain state owned buildings
- Maintain statewide information systems
- Workers' compensation adjudication hearings
- Fraud and non-compliance investigations
- Support administrative functions

Mental Health

- Transportation for clients served by the Department of Mental Health (DMH)
- Delivery of materials and supplies at DMH facilities
- Transportation for DMH employees to conduct state business
- Support DMH programs and activities

Natural Resources

- Compliance assistance, monitoring, sampling, permit site visits, and other travel associated with landfills, hazardous waste, public drinking water, water quality, air quality, soil conservation and water conservation
- Enforcement of environmental regulations and when necessary investigation of possible violations
- Provide an Emergency Environmental Response capability for responding to hazardous material incidents, methamphetamine abatement, and meth lab cleanup efforts
- Operation, maintenance, administration, construction and security of over 85 state parks and historic sites
- Provide assistance, education and guidance in the use and protection of Missouri's geologic, water and land resources
- Insuring the safety of dams and determining land boundaries
- Demonstrate technologically advanced vehicles with potential for increased energy efficiency and/or reducing dependence on foreign oil
- Grant assistance, training, monitoring, auditing and other travel related to executing Natural Resources aspects of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

Office of Administration

- Support and maintain state owned buildings
- Operate a consolidated carpool used by elected officials and numerous other state agencies
- Inspect state construction sites and leased/owned facilities throughout the State of Missouri
- Pickup and delivery of mail and printing products

Office of the State Courts Administrator

- Support the operations of state courts
- Support statewide court automation
- Support judicial and clerk training programs
- Local use; e.g., mail, IT operations between four facilities, etc.

Public Safety

- Office of the Director
 - Support of the Department of Defense Equipment Program, Narcotics Control Program and Office of Homeland Security
- State Emergency Management Agency (SEMA)
 - Respond to emergency situations and management of disaster recovery
 - Training for city and county Emergency Management directors, staff and first responders
 - Preparedness and planning for city and county Emergency Management directors, staff and first responders
 - Provide planning, training and equipment support for Missouri Nuclear Power Plant "risk" counties
 - Provide nuclear accident response training along nuclear material transportation corridors across the state.
 - Support the inspection and monitoring of vehicles transporting nuclear materials across the state.
- Alcohol and Tobacco Control
 - Enforcement of Liquor Control Laws
 - Licensing of liquor establishments
 - Enforcement of tobacco underage sales laws
 - Collection of over \$39 million in excise taxes and licensing fees
 - Training of servers and alcohol beverage licensees
 - Training of local law enforcement on alcohol compliance buy laws
- Missouri Veteran's Commission (MVC)
 - Provide transportation for residents
 - Support and maintain residents and veteran's homes
 - Support Veterans Cemetery operations
 - Provide transportation for Veterans Service program
- Missouri Capitol Police (MCP):
 - Police patrol
 - Response to calls for police service
 - Traffic enforcement and parking enforcement
 - Security escorts
- Division of Fire Safety (DFS)
 - Emergency response to fires, bomb threats and/or explosions
 - Mutual aid and Homeland Security response.
 - Inspections of daycare and group homes, boilers, pressure vessels, elevators, escalators and amusement rides
 - Conducting state mandated and assigned duties.
- Adjutant General's Office

- Support of Missouri National Guard missions
- Support facility maintenance requirements
- Mail deliveries

Revenue

Transportation of agency staff while conducting state business

Social Services

- Direct services to the public (rehabilitation services for the blind)
- Support and maintain direct services to youth and families (youth homes, case management and aftercare services, child abuse/neglect investigations/interventions)
- Investigations of child fatalities, Medicaid and IM (welfare) fraud
- Emergency Management duties and responsibilities associated with Mass Care throughout the state
- Mail pickup and delivery
- Transfer of equipment/supplies from one location to another.

Transportation

 Comprised of passenger vehicles, utility trucks, aerial units, dump trucks, sweepers and various types of off-road construction equipment to construct and maintain the state's highway system.

Missouri Lottery

- Promote the Missouri Lottery by traveling to meet with retailers and sponsoring promotional events
- Sales routes Sales force provides sales & service support to approximately
 5,000 retailers through weekly, bi-weekly, or monthly visits
- Maintenance and delivery of Lottery materials, equipment and supplies
- Support regional offices located in Kansas City, St. Louis, Springfield and Jefferson City

State Tax Commission

- Travel to counties to perform appraisals for ratio studies
- Travel to assist county assessors